

Production of a Human TGF-beta Family Protein with Potential as an anti-Cancer Therapeutic Protein From Plant Chloroplast

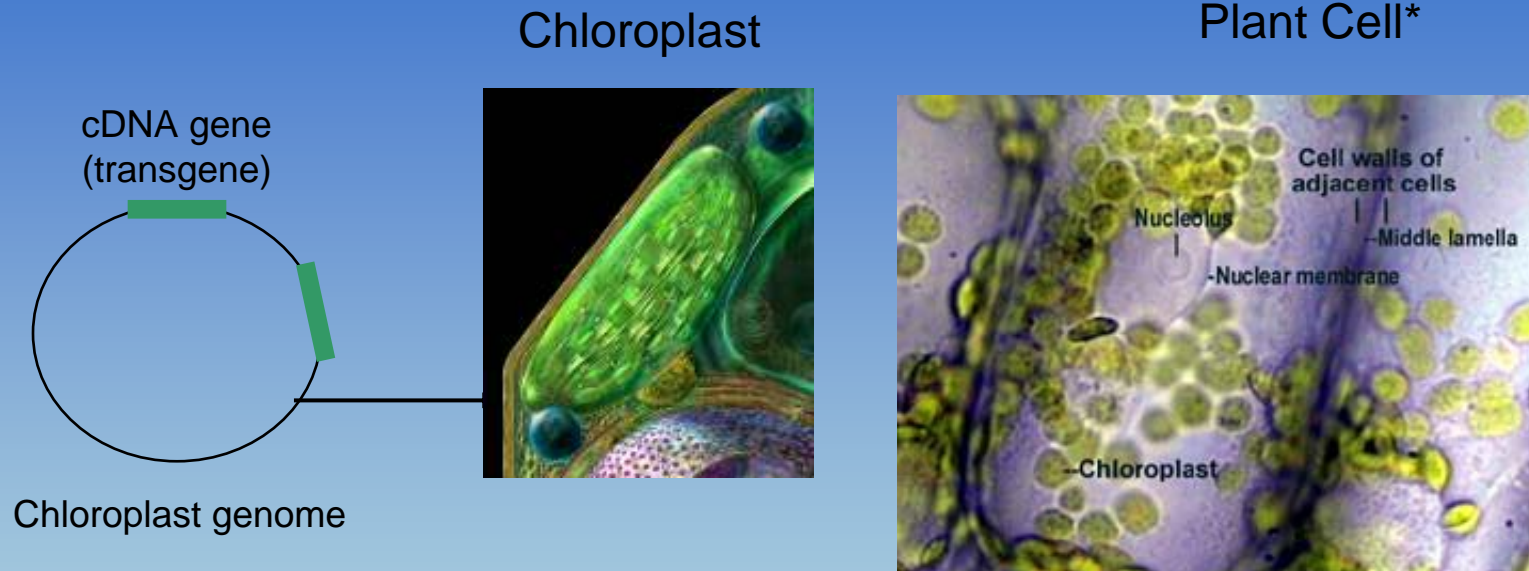
Karen K Oishi, PhD

CSO, Sr. VP, Technology Development

David N Duncan, PhD

President and CEO

Basis of hyper-expression system - Chloroplast Transformation Technology (CTT™)

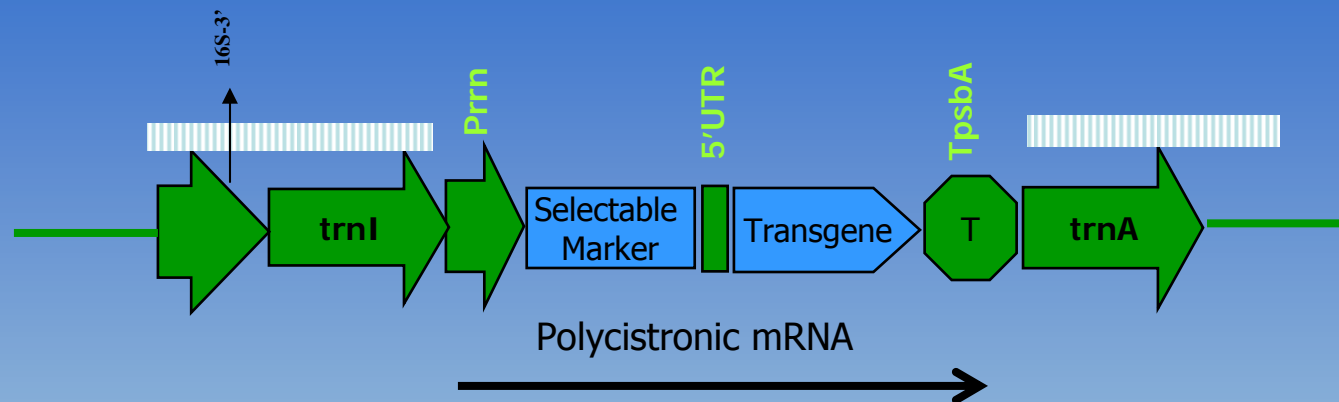


10-100 chloroplast in each cell, therefore the potential to carry
100 to 10,000 copies of the transgene per plant cell

* http://www.progressivegardens.com/knowledge_tree/chloroplast.jpg

Design of the Transformation/Expression Vector to capture the
maximum potential of the chloroplast to produce recombinant protein

Chloroplast Transformation/Expression Vectors

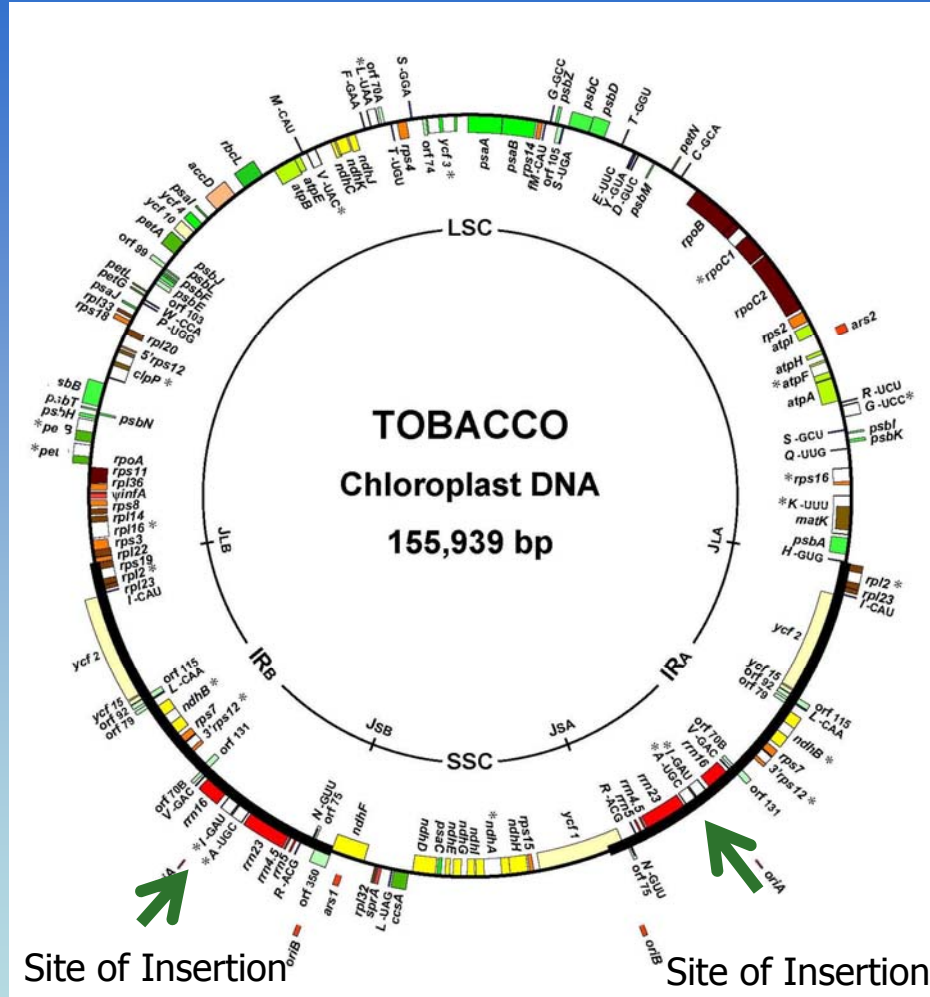


Transformation/Expression Cassette*:

The perpendicular dotted line shows the vector sequences that are homologous to native chloroplast DNA, resulting in homologous recombination and site specific integration of the gene cassette into the chloroplast genome.

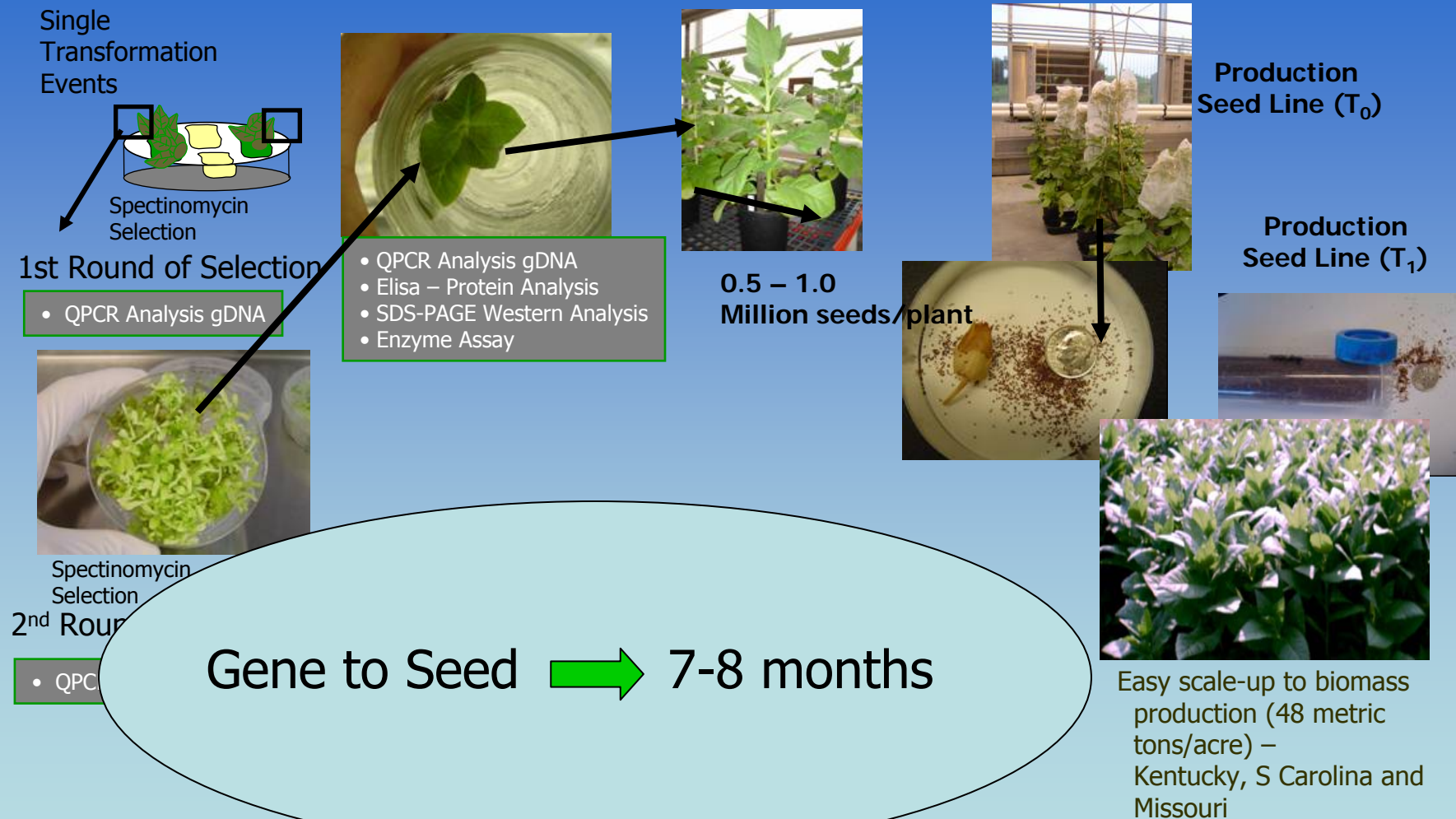
* Henry Daniell, PhD, University of Central Florida, Orlando, FL

Chloroplast Transformation/Expression Vectors



Wakasugi, T, Tsudzuki T, Sugiura M (2001) *Photosynthesis Research* 70(1):107-118

Generation of Transplastomic Plant Line



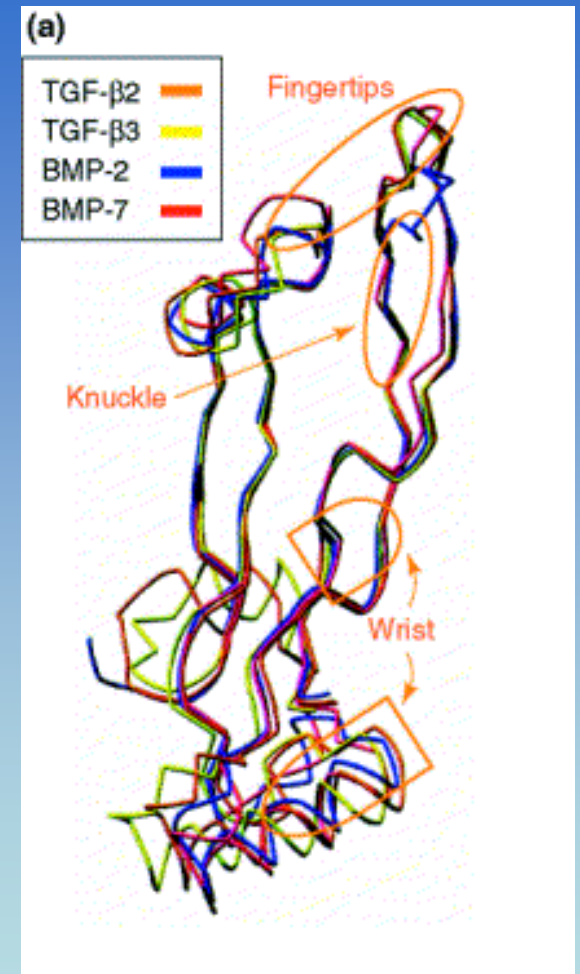
Transforming Growth Factors

***Mullerian Inhibiting Substance
(MIS)***

Mammalian Cell Cycle Modulators

TGF- β Superfamily

- The TGF- β (Transforming Growth Factor) superfamily encompasses a large group of soluble extracellular proteins that are potent regulators of embryonic and adult tissues.
- TGF- β superfamily members can direct a wide range of cellular responses including proliferation, cellular morphology, apoptosis, cellular maturation, organogenesis, and tissue homostasis
- Members of the family are generally classified as:
 - TGF- β (Transforming Growth Factors)
 - BMP (Bone Morphogenetic Proteins)
 - GDF (Growth and Differentiation factors)
 - Activin
- Highly Conserved Structure in Vertebrates and Invertebrates

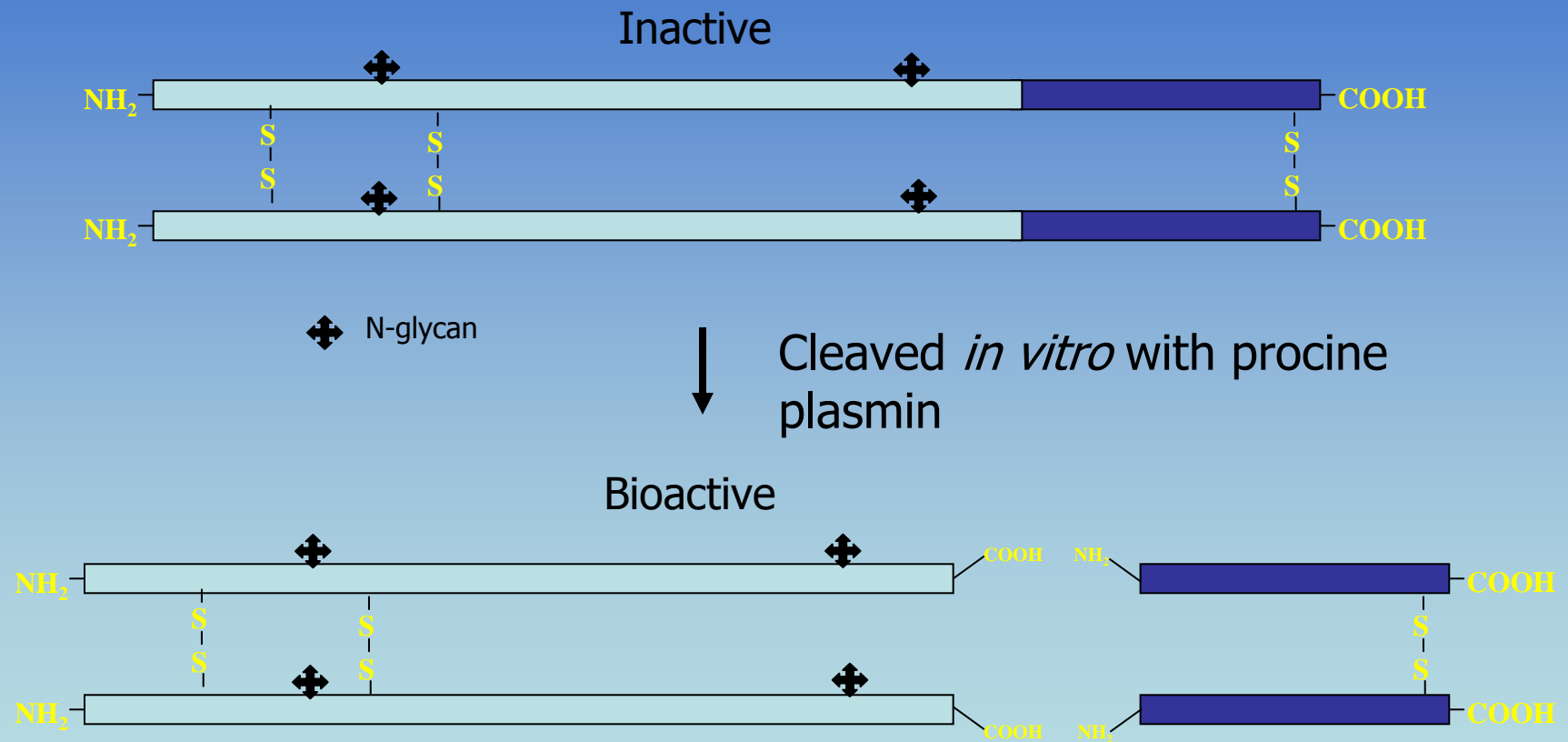


Müllerian Inhibiting Substance (MIS)

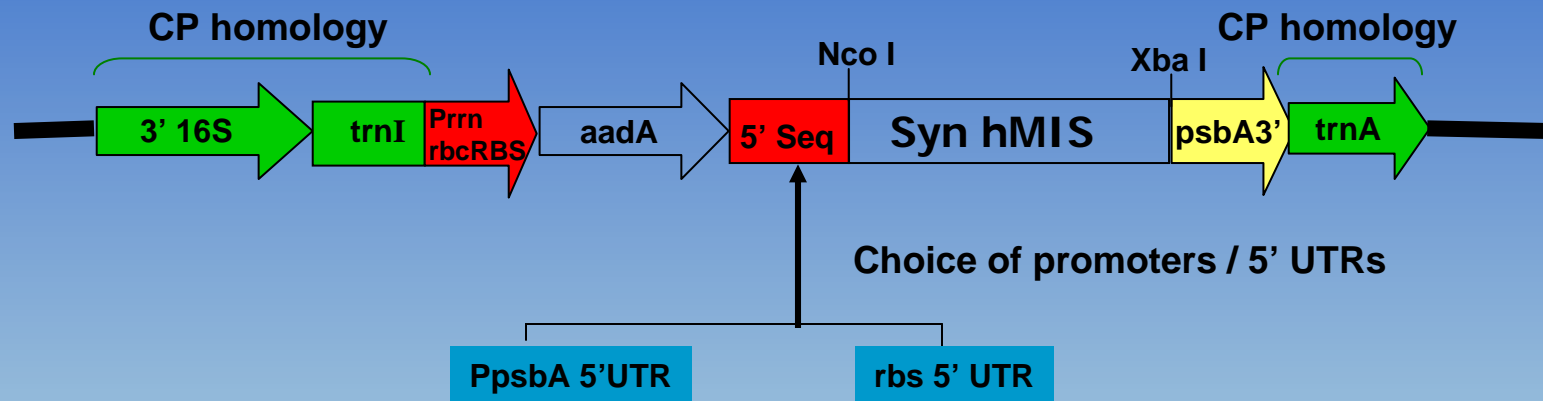
MIS is a member of the TGF- β family involved with the regression of the Müllerian duct in male fetuses during embryonic development.

- Extensive animal studies consistently reveal that MIS is effective against ovarian, uterine, breast, endometrial, and prostate cancers
- CHO cells have not been capable of generating adequate supplies for clinical trials or commercial operations due to interference with cellular metabolism in the production cells.
- Chlorogen has succeeded in producing bioactive MIS in tobacco and has positioned the company as the singular producer of MIS in plants, and by extension, other TGF- β proteins

Human pro-Mullerian Inhibiting Substance from CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells)



CTT Transformation Vectors holoMIS



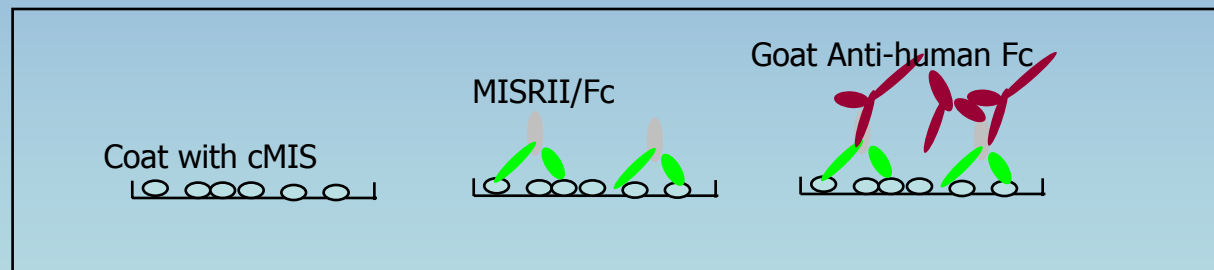
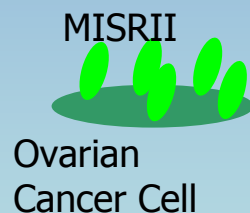
Detection Tools for hMIS

Chicken antibody to cMIS Ag002

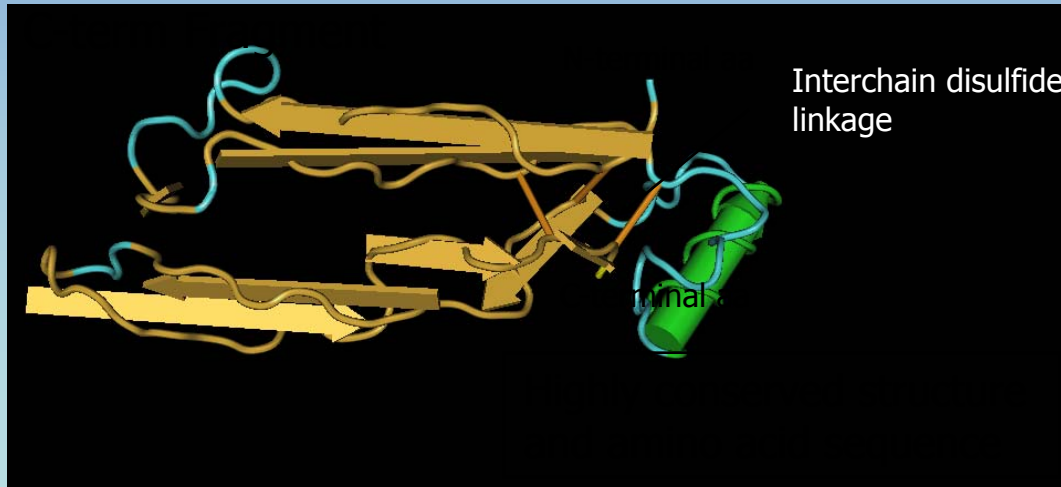
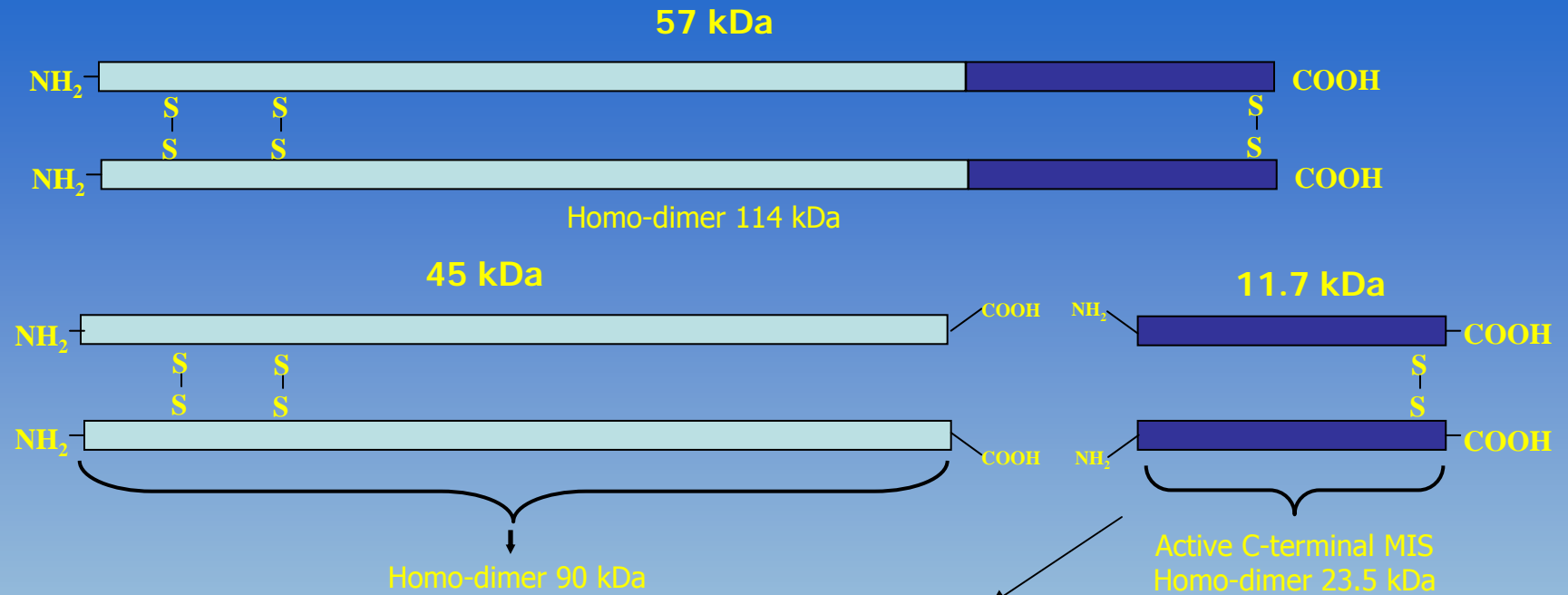
- Antibody detects monomer & cMIS dimer

MIS-Receptor II binding Assay: Elisa-based Assay

- Soluble MISRII-human Fc fusion
- AP or HP Conjugated Goat Anti-human Fc
- MIS RII-human Fc fusion binds specifically to bioactive cMIS and not to non-activated holoMIS.



CTT Derived holo MIS

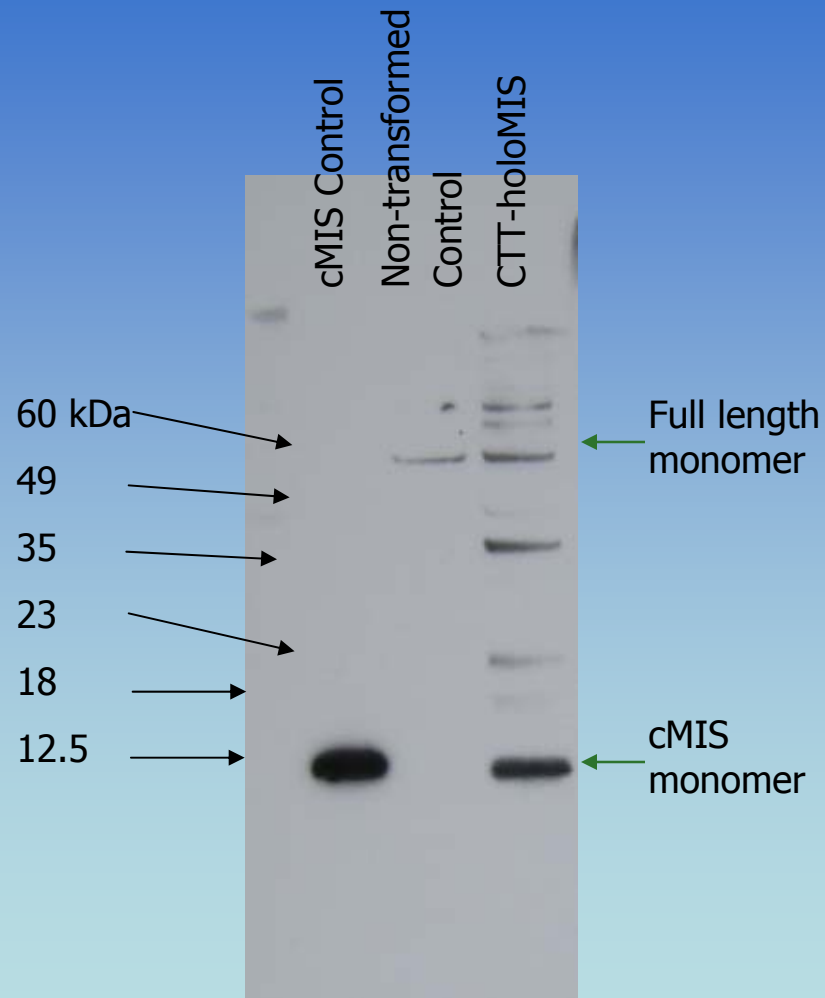


pI's:

A) HoloMIS: pH 7.2

B) cMIS: pH 8.3

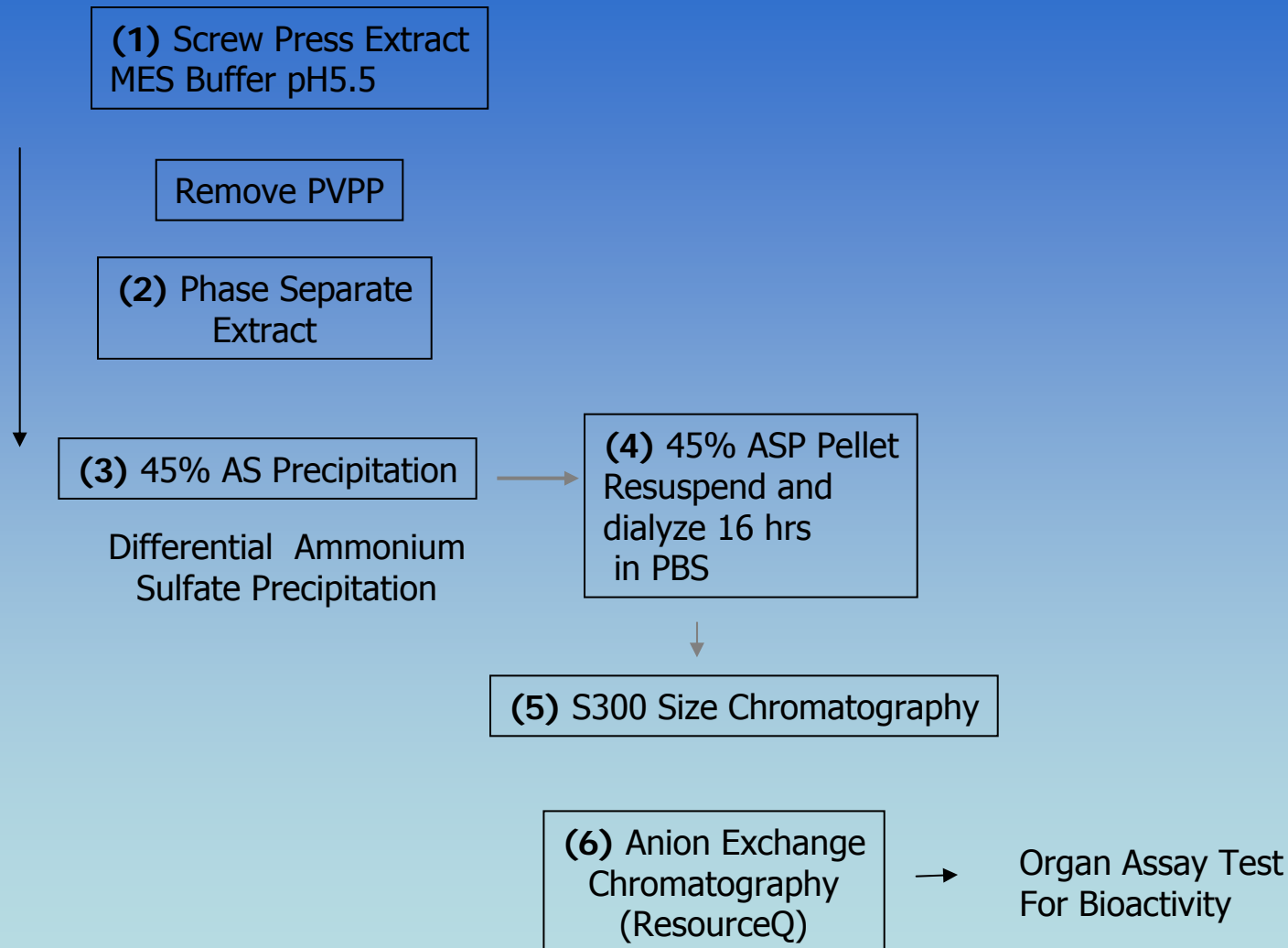
Human pro-Mullerian Inhibiting Substance from Tobacco Chloroplast



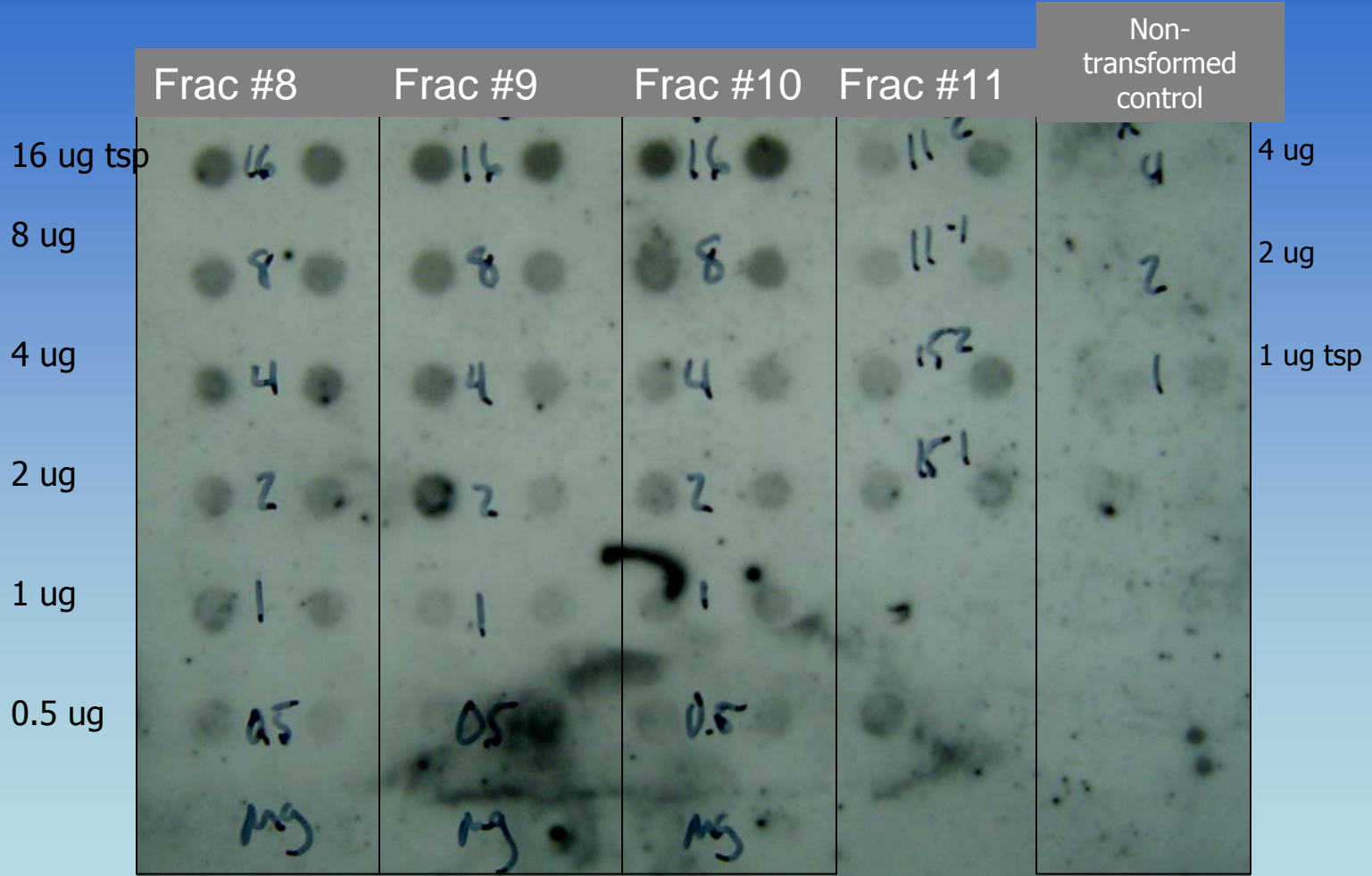
Reduced/Denatured NuPAGE
Chicken anti-cMIS HRP

IBE Presentation 30 March 2007

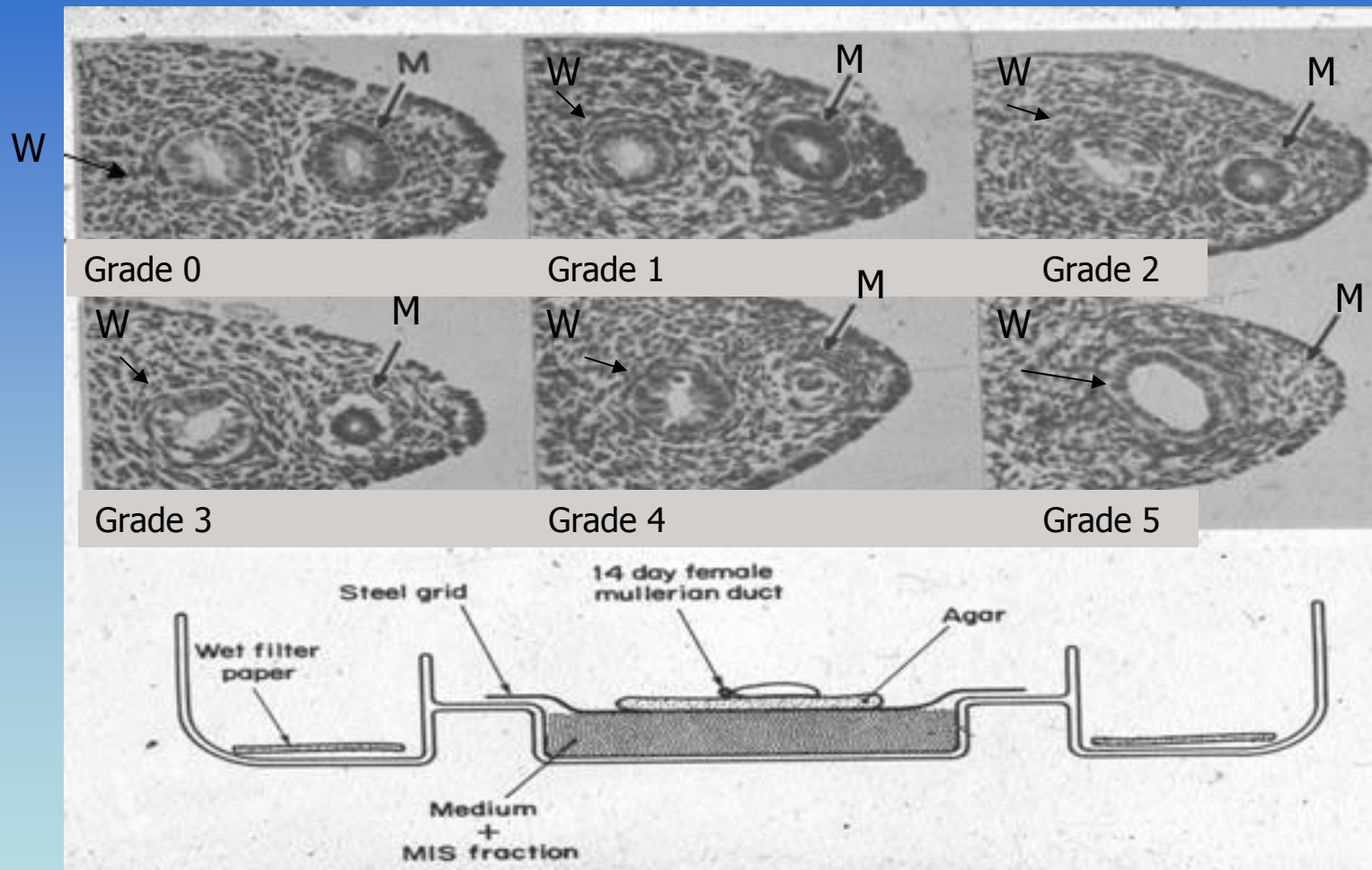
Small Scale Purification of holoMIS



MISRII Receptor Binding Assay of Source Q Protein Fractions







Müllerian Duct Regression Assay



Data from P Donahoe, MD and D MacLaughlin, PhD, Pediatric Surgery Research Laboratory, Massachusetts General Hospital, Charles River Plaza North, Room 6220, 185 Cambridge Street, Boston, MA 02114

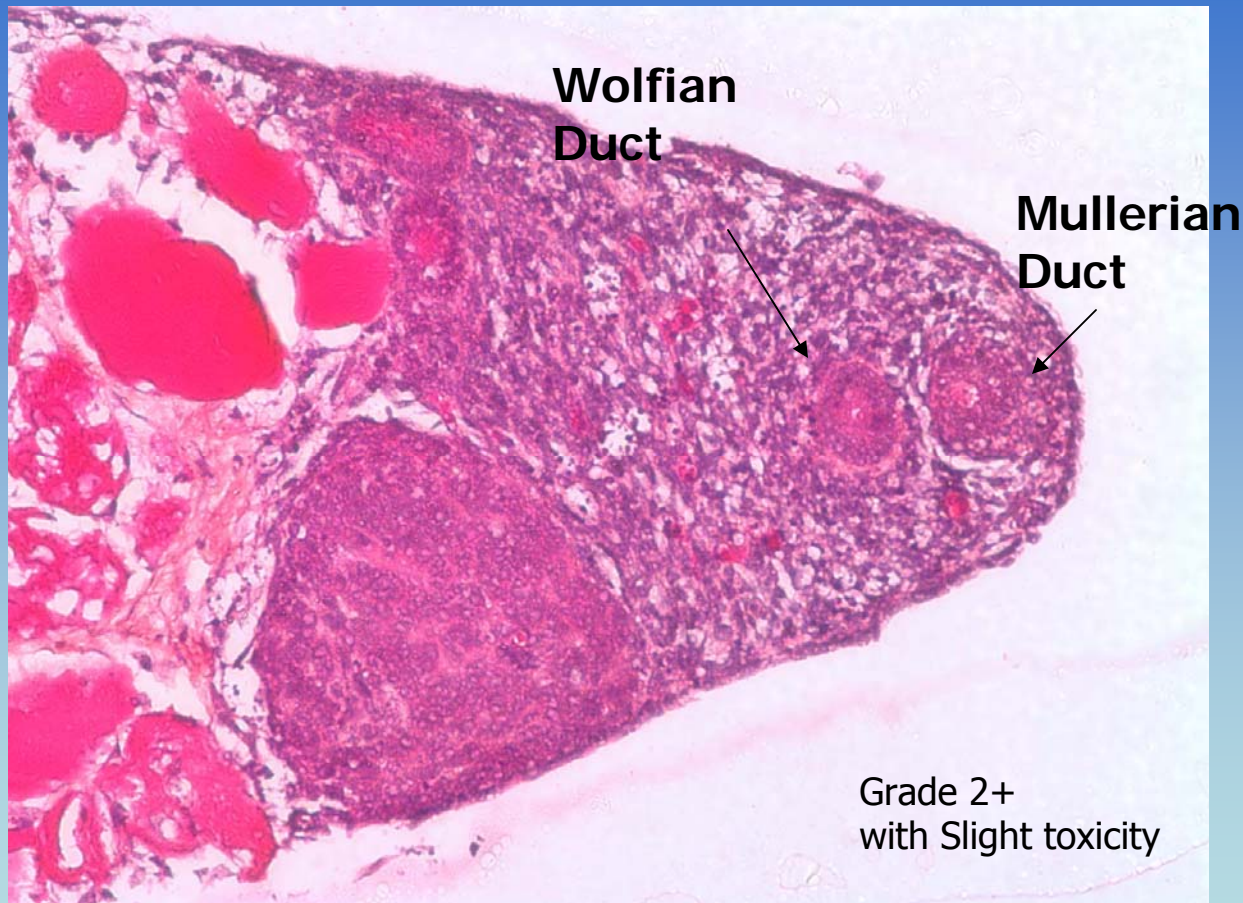
Mullerian Duct Regression Assay

Highly specific and sensitive assay for bioactive MIS

Mullerian Duct (Grade 0)	Mullerian Duct (Grade 1-2)	Mullerian Duct (Grade 2-3)	Mullerian Duct (Grade 3-4)	Mullerian Duct (Grade 4-5)
	 size reduction	 Disruption of internal structure	 Duct is breaking apart	No Duct is visible

8 ug/mL
Bioactive (plasmin Cleaved)
holoMIS for full
regression

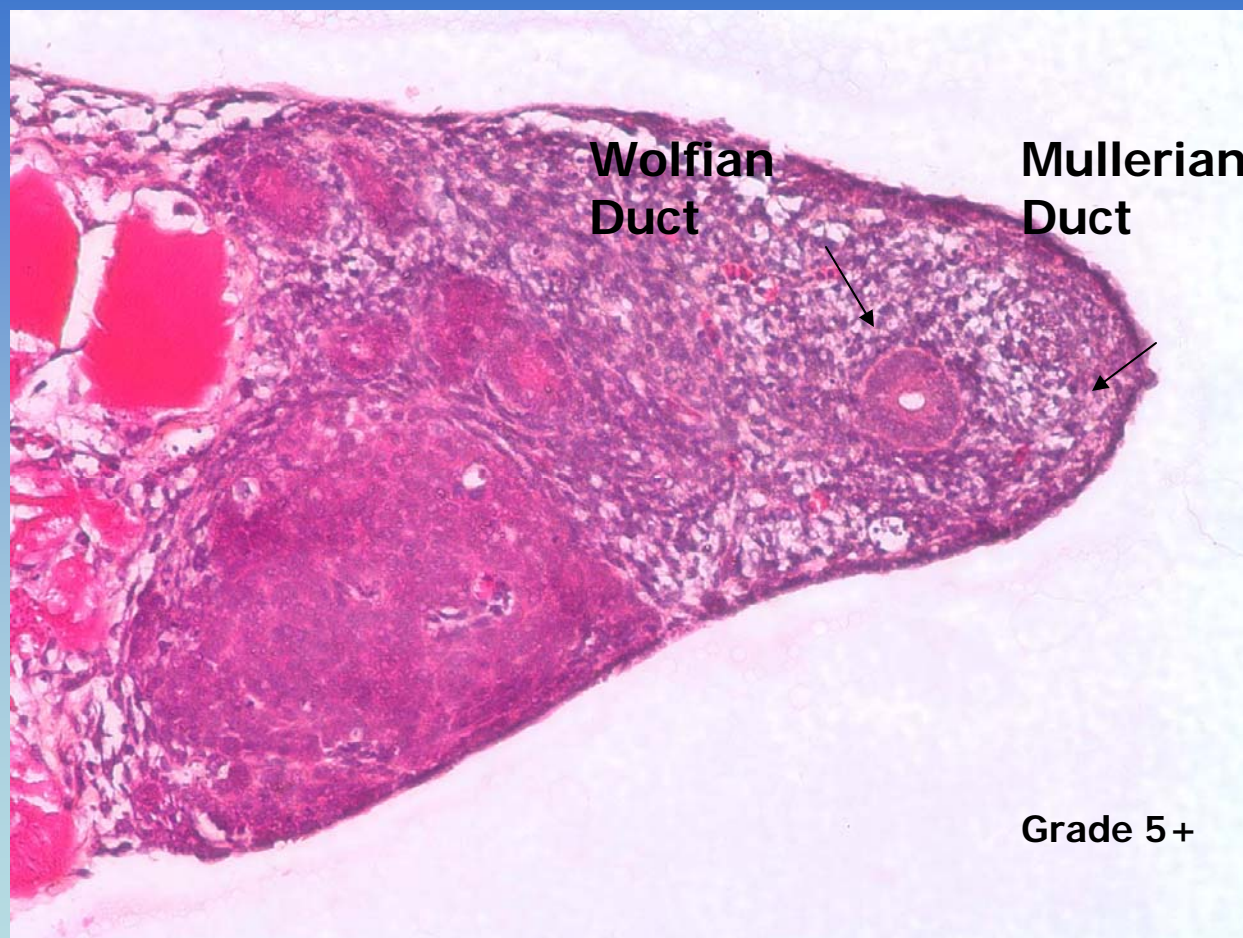
CTT MIS Resource Q Fraction #8 (100 uL)



- Fraction #8 was the least active by MISRII:Fc receptor binding assay.
- Mullerian duct has size reduction as well as membrane disruption = 2+

Data from P Donahoe, MD and D MacLaughlin, PhD, Pediatric Surgery Research Laboratory, Massachusetts General Hospital, Charles River Plaza North, Room 6220, 185 Cambridge Street, Boston, MA 02114

CTT MIS ResourceQ Fraction #9 (100 uL)



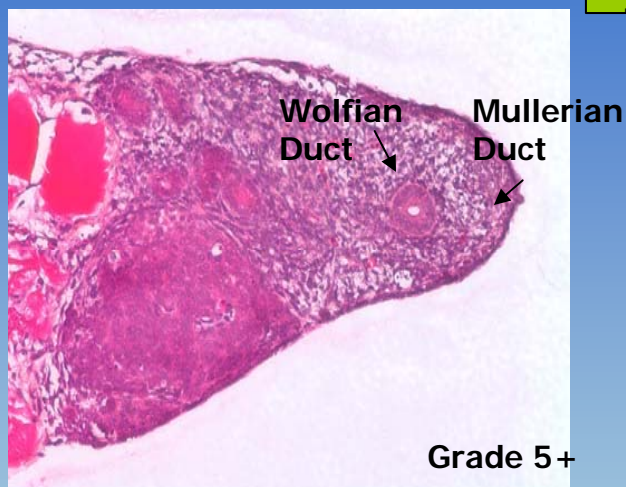
- Fraction #9 had the second best MISRII:Fc receptor binding activity.
- No visible presence of Mullerian Duct = 5+

Data from P Donahoe, MD and D MacLaughlin, PhD, Pediatric Surgery Research Laboratory, Massachusetts General Hospital, Charles River Plaza North, Room 6220, 185 Cambridge Street, Boston, MA 02114



Process for Bioactivity Testing of CTT-MIS

Mullerian Duct Regression Assay



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Apoptosis of Human Ovarian Cancer Cell Lines

3

Nude Mice (Immuno compromised)
Xenographs of ovarian cancer cells

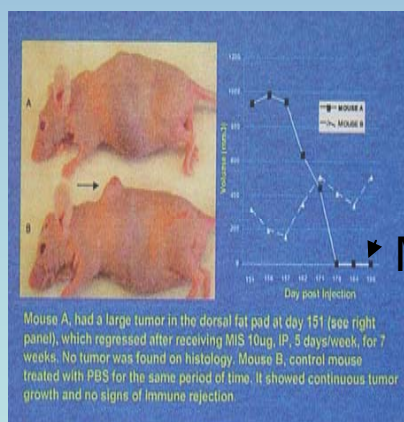
Prepre-animal Studies:

- Generation of dose response curve
- Safety (side effects)

5

Allographs
Mice – ovarian cancer mouse model

4



Significant Results

- Non-glycosylated TGF- β (MIS) can be assembled properly using CTT
- Non-glycosylated TGF- β (MIS) can be processed in plants into a bioactive form of MIS *in vivo*
- CTT has the potential to produce large-quantities of MIS for the ovarian, breast and other potential markets

Exclusive Rights from Tobacco Ventur, LLC:

Karen Keiko Oishi, Leonard Comaratta (2002) "Gene Expression and Production of TGF-beta Proteins Including Bioactive Mullerian Inhibiting Substance from Plants" US 60/295,545 (National and International Filing)

Chlorogen IP:

Karen Keiko Oishi, David Williams (2005) "Expressing TGF-beta Proteins in Plant Plastids".

Acknowledgements

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Imagine

*A Cure for Cancer from
Tobacco!*

